## When the Yankees Camped At

AN INTERESTING story surrounds this home, which might well have been Margaret Mitchell's Tara in "Gone With the Wind," for it was here that General William Tecumseh Sherman made his headquarters for eight days while he was waiting to cross the swollen waters of the Catawba river on his famous march through the South.

This house, which was built in 1830 by James Barkley, a wealthy planter and slave owner, is still in the possession of the original owner's descendants, Mrs. John G. Johnston and her daughters, Mrs. Gladys J. Dye and Miss Kate Johnston. The house was named "Rocky Mount," the name by which the community also was known. It is located a few miles south of Great Falls near the Rocky Creek power plant in the northeast corner of Fairfield county.

The architecture of this two and one-half story mansion's facade with its graceful fanlight doorway and the four massive columns is typical of the Old South. Handcarved mantles, paneled wainscoting and broad floor boards of its interior are reminders of the days when Southern hospitality was in flower. The brick used to build the three large chimneys were imported from England to build Fort Dearborn, a Revolutionary fort on the Catawba river near Great Falls. When the use of the fort was discontinued, Mr. Barkley bought the brick to build his chimneys.

At the time of General Sher-



Rocky Mount in Fairfield county was Sherman's headquarters for eight days while he was waiting to cross the swollen Catawba. Original owner's descendants still own the house

# ROCKY MOUNT

Days before the soldiers arrived, Mrs. Barkley and her daughters were busy directing the slaves in hiding food and valuables. They saved the flat silver, weighty and burdensome though it was, by carrying it in deep invisible pockets of their dresses. The meat was hidden in the garret between the weather-boarding

were some of General Joseph Wheeler's soldiers, but in a short while the Union soldiers were everywhere, plundering. A silver pitcher, buried in the green-house was found and the walls were quickly demolished in search of more silver. The yard fence and a large supply house full of tobacco and other stores were burned the first night. The gin-house full of cotton seed, the barn

General Sherman went into the house every day and talked with the women. Miss Sarah Barkley was "high-tempered" and her eyes flashed with fire when she had hot discussions with the general. Mrs. Johnston lived in terror lest General Sherman grow angry and have the house burned. Usually Mrs. Bark-

bre-

n the mock of the Gen, ward near rding Virting of com-

outh iting presave leral illed

the

the

.957

of day

Bratton s of the a pronour at t, com-

to

irs and used on iuditori-

of Gen-

iven by im Dun-.C., lead federate

Patton, ing and e great corner of Fairfield county.

The architecture of this iwo and one-half story mansion's facade with its graceful fanlight doorway and the four massive columns is typical of the Old South. Handcarved mantles, paneled wainscoting and broad floor boards of its interior are reminders of the days when Southern hospitality was in flower. The brick used to build the three large chimneys were imported from England to build Fort Dearborn, a Revolutionary fort on the Catawba river near Great Falls. When the use of the fort was discontinued, Mr. Barkley bought the brick to build his chimneys.

At the time of General Sher-

# ROCKY MOUNT

Days before the soldiers arrived, Mrs. Barkley and her daughters were busy directing the slaves in hiding food and valuables. They saved the flat silver, weighty and burdensome though it was, by carrying it in deep invisible pockets of their dresses. The meat was hidden in the garret between the weather-boarding

were some of General Joseph Wheeler's soldiers, but in a short while the Union soldiers were everywhere, plundering, A silver pitcher, buried in the green-house was found and the walls were quickly demolished in search of more silver. The yard fence and a large supply house full of tobacco and other stores were burned the first night. The gin-house full of cotton seed, the barn and stables were in flames soon after the arrival of the Yankees. Mrs. Barkley and her family lived in terror during the eight days while the soldiers were there.

General Sherman arrived soon after February 17, 1865, and pitched his tent in front of the Barkley home. His officers had their quarters in the house.

The tall, clean-shaven, reddish haired general dressed in

the blue uniform of the Union army was striking in appearance. Although General Sherman has been roundly cursed by many a true-hearted Southerner, the residents of this home found him to be a gentleman with a pleasant and courteous manner toward his men and others with whom he came in contact. His shining boots and neat uniform were envied by the young Johnston boys, who proudly wore brass "rebel buttons" on their coats.

General Sherman went into the house every day and talked with the women. Miss Sarah Barkley was "high-tempered" and her eyes flashed with fire when she had hot discussions with the general. Mrs. Johnston lived in terror lest General Sherman grow angry and have the house burned. Usually Mrs. Barkley and Miss Sarah sat by the fire with large bonnets pulled down over their foces.

The first morning after the Union soldiers arrived Mrs. Johnston invited several officers to breakfast. The fare consisted of bread, meat and rye-coffee with no sugar. Later the officers showed their appreciation of her hospitality by preventing the soldiers from piercing portraits with their bayonets and breaking up the piano and other furniture. They also stopped the soldiers from tearing up the floor to patch the pontoon bridge across the river.

A barrel of molasses on the back porch was continually being pierced by soldiers with their bayonets. An officer had the barrel rolled into a room and locked the door. Soon afterward a soldier slipped into the cellar and bored a hole

### By SARAH FLEMING

Residents lived in terror during Sherman's eight-day stay at this historic Fairfield county home

man's encampment the residents of this home were: Mrs. James Barkley, Miss Sarah Barkley, Mrs. James G. Johnston and her small sons, Barkley and John.

The arrival of Sherman's army at Rocky Mount was preceded by tales of terror, of plundering, the burning of homes, barns, ginhouses and cotton, the killing of livestock and the laying waste of fields. For no home, however small or obscure, escaped the destruction of the Union soldiers.

and ceiling and that was saved although there was a strong smell of smoked meat in the garret. Some large handmade quilts, which were designed of imported French Calico, were also saved in a similar manner. Most of the silver that was hidden out was found and carried off by the soldiers.

When the Yankees arrived, Mrs. Johnston thought they

As the Yankees were leaving Rocky Mount some of General Joseph Wheeler's men came up and there was a skirmish. General Wheeler advised the women and children to lie flat on the floor during the fight. The Yankees. thought Wheeler's entire army was in pursuit and they left. hurriedly. General Sherman made his departure on a large black horse with a Negro boy as a valet. One of the rebels chased a Yankee through the house. The Southerner's gun was cocked and it shot a hole in the floor which is still being preserved. Bullet holes from the skirmish are still visible in the weather boarding of the house.

When the soldiers were gone the place was bleak and bare for there was nothing left except the house and land. The Barkleys and Johnstons felt that the Confederacy was at its lowest ebb and there was nothing with which to rebuild. However, J. Barkley Johnston, age eight years, caught an old crippled horse, which was left behind. The horse, Billy Sherman, plowed the first crop after the war.

Years afterwards in Atlanta a friend of Mrs. Johnston met an ex-Union soldier from Ohio and he said, "I have often thought of a lovely old house in South Carolina, where General Sherman had his head-quarters for a week while his army was delayed on account of the flood waters on the Catawba river," and he described Rocky Mount.

Tribute to Mrs. T. H. Ketchin

(N. E. M.)

Though she has passed beyond mortal sight and touch and we are emotion-filled at separation from her dearly familiar tiny form, her sprightly step and her gentle inquiry, Mary Flenniken McMaster Ketchin lives on in the hearts and lives of those who claimed her as friend — and they are countless, for in even a casual or infrequent contact with her there was conveyed a germ of friendship and a bond was made.

Expressed feelingly by hen minister at the funeral services on June 21 was this summation of her character: "She was both an inspiration and example of Christian virtues which are the out-growth of love" - a selfless love, always giving, never seeking. Of strong religious convictions and faith in God, she had, also, faith in her fellowman and a genuine understanding of human frailties, tempering her judgments with kindness and patience. The scorn she felt for wrong-doing halted there. This combination of personal qualities is rare indeed and is a benediction to a community. It lifts us up and for it we give thanks.

"The true saint is a good mother, a good neighbor, a good constructive force in society, a fragrance and a blessing." — Rufus M. Jones.

Thursday, November 20, 1969

The News and Herald, Winnsboro, S. C.

Thursday, January 17, 1957

John Bratton Chapter of UDC Meets Friday at the Home of Mrs. R. Y. Turner

Members of the John Bratton Chapter, United Daughters of the Confederacy, were entertained on Friday afternoon at the home of Mrs. R. Y. Turner, on the Old Camden Road. House plants and other greenery and berries were used about the rooms and his Bratton Chapter of UDC Meets with Mrs. Nash; Mrs. J. H. Aiken Talks

The John Bratton Chapter, UDC, was entertained on Friday afternoon at the home of Mrs. Henry Nash on North Vanderhorst Street. The rooms where members and guests gathered, were attractive with pretty containers of fall flowers and permanent arrangements.

Mrs. William Dunlap presided,

For her varied and useful life, | Mrs. Ketchin was well endowed i intellectually, temperamentally & physically. Her education and I background were assets which she used as such. Following her education at Mt. Zion Institute and the former College for Women in Columbia, she entered the School of Nursing at Johns Hopkins Hospital in Baltimore, having there the interesting advantages of working and studying under the "Big Four" of medicine at that period. After her graduation, she continued in her nursing career at Hopkins until her marriage to T. H. Ketchin of Winnsboro in 1905. Soon afterwards, her husband purchased the home of her father which had been built about 1880. As the center of the family circle, which consisted of three young sons and Mn Ketchin's children by his first marriage, and as hosters in

the home she presided gracious in home she presided gracious in extending with new husbands and family from hear an fact During her husbands tenure of office in the S. G. Legislature and Senate, she proved a valuable helpmeet.

Early in World War One, Mrs. Ketchin took a ading part in onganizing arid rating clocal chapter of the program for making and supplying surgical dressings, bandages, etc., needed by the armed forces for the duration. Her activities with the Red Cross continued as long as there was a local unit functioning and after that she took part in the annual campaigns for funds.

Nurtured and reared in the atmosphere of the Confederacy, her father and mother both having been engaged in several phases of the 1861-65 struggle, Mrs. Ketchin was an interested and active member of the John Bratton Chapter of the U. D. C., for more than fifty years. She was one of three members who were specially honored at the Memorial Day exercises in May, 1962.

The first woman elected as a trustee of Mt. Zion Institute, she served faithfully for a number of terms.

It was to the work of her church, Bethel Associate Reformed Presbyterian, that she gave, perhaps, the most devoted services of all. She was a regular attendant, a member of the Ladies' Class in the Sunday School and of the Woman's So-

Thursday, Febr

### Lions Clul Regular IV Patton Is:

The Fairfield Li regular meeting a Inn this week, we Lions from the ( They were Pat Pa J. H. Young. Dr. Y well chosen rema support of the clu ing an eye bank olina.

Lion Walter Grai that the Lenior, I Band, consisting o would visit Winnst cert on March 23rc Lion Bob Wallac

resolution to the l B. D. Corley. Lion Claude Rag.

a very enjoyable v by himself and Lie the Whitmire Lions H. G. Wright, chi program committee, ever interesting te

ever interesting te G. F. Patton, who the club with a run of the Battle of th fought in 1864.

Mr. Patton likened ious days to our print that the men we bravely were struggereve their way of l

The Battle was for Easternside of the River on May 5th a The Federal forces, Grant, were advance and met the Confethe banks of the river to Mr. Patton, the Aginia was under the three generals who manded a corps Ger Gen. Hill on the froby Gen. James Lonwas a 24-hours' mas South.

The Armies met ar suffered severe losses for Gen. Longstreet' ments who finally arr the day and halted Army. Gen. Longstree in the Battle.

Gen. Gordan, a G

Gen. Gordan, a G tinguished himself as greatest soldiers of th A Directors' meetin

A Directors' meeting ed after the meeting.

Thursday, Januar

John Bratton Cl

days while he was waiting to mous march through the his headquarters for eight the Catawba river on his facross the swollen waters of

wealthy planter and slave This house, which was built in 1830 by James Barkley, a owner, is still in the possession of the original owner's descendants, Mrs. John G. Johnston and her daughters, Mrs. Gladys J. Dye and Miss Kate named "Rocky Mount," the name by which the community also was known. It is located a few miles south of Great Falls near the Rocky Creek power plant in the northeast corner of Fairfield county. The house Johnston.

and one-half story mansion's facade with its graceful fanmassive columns is typical of the Old South. Handcarved mantles, paneled wainscoting and broad floor boards of its interior are reminders of the days when Southern hospitality was in flower. The brick used to build the three large chimneys were imported from The architecture of this two ight doorway and the four Falls. When the use of the Barkley bought the brick to born, a Revolutionary fort on the Catawba river near Great England to build Fort Dearfort was discontinued, build his chimneys.

At the time of General Sher-

Sherman's eight-day stay at this historic Fairfield county home Residents lived in terror during By SARAH FLEMING

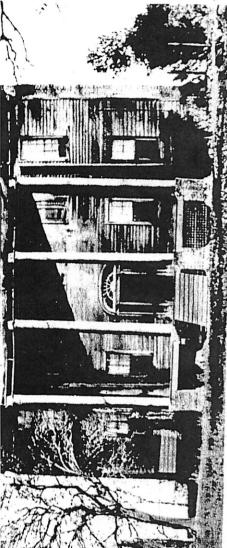
General Sherman arrived soon after February 17, 1865, and pitched his tent in front of the Barkley home. His officers had their quarters in

ing the eight days while the her family lived in terror dur-

soldiers were there.

he house.

The tall, clean-shaven, red-



Rocky Mount in Fairfield county was Sherman's headquarters for eight days while he was waiting to cross the swollen Catawba. Original owner's descendants still own the house

# 

were some of General Joseph Wheeler's soldiers, but in a short while the Union soldiers were everywhere, plundering. A silver pitcher, buried in the green-house was found and The yard fence and a large the walls were quickly demolished in search of more silver. supply house full of tobacco and other stores were burned rived, Mrs. Barkley and her Days before the soldiers ardaughters were busy directing the slaves in hiding food and valuables. They saved the flat silver, weighty and burdening it in deep invisible pockets The meat was hidden in the garret botween the weather-boarding some though it was, by carryof their dresses.

General Sherman went into the house every day and talk-Sarah Barkley was "hightempered" and her eyes flashlest General Sherman grow ed with fire when she had hot discussions with the general. Mrs. Johnston lived in terror angry and have the house Usually Mrs. Barkey and Miss Sarah sat hy the fire with large bonnets pulled ed with the women. down over their frees. burned.

the first night. The gin-house

full of cotton seed, the barn stables were in flames soon after the arrival of the Yankees. Mrs. Barkley and

and

The first morning after the Union soldiers arrived Mrs. Johnston invited several officonsisted of bread, meat and ter the officers showed their appreciation of her hospitality by preventing the soldiers from piercing portraits with cers to breakfast. The rye-coffee with no sugar.

man's encampment +1

She sh

te

ness imes it ount erilned ales,

en of. and prethe Gen. near VII

ederal killed aiting South force o save

is calla, dis-